

LESSON TWENTY-SIX

OBJECTS

EXERCISE



WALL



BARBECUE



BED



SANDWICH



JACKET



FILM



MEN



AIRPORT



WEMEN



PILOT(páilet)



BALL



ZOO



END – fim

ROOM



DRIVER



TOWEL



ACCIDENT



ROSE



BABY



VERBS

to LOSE / LOST - perder, ficar sem (objeto, competição)

Did you lose your books? They lost the game.

to MEAN / MEANT - significar, querer dizer, pretender, tencionar

Do you understand what I mean? What do you mean?

to CHOOSE / CHOSE - escolher (choice)

He chose his friend. I'll always choose you.

to FIND (faind) / FOUND - achar - descobrir ("to FIND OUT")

I need to find a restroom. Did you "find out" where she lives?

QUALIFIERS

BEHIND – atrás de

UNDER – debaixo, embaixo de, sob

NEXT TO - junto a, ao lado de

WITHOUT - sem

UGLY – feio

FUNNY – engraçado

NICE – bom, bonito, agradável

DELICIOUS - delicioso

SMART – esperto, inteligente

DIFFICULT – difícil **HARD** - duro

EASY - fácil

SO – então, por isso, tão

EXPRESSIONS

“**CONGRATULATIONS**” – parabéns

“**SO FAR**” – até agora

“**ON PURPOSE**” – propositadamente

to “**LIE DOWN**” – deitar-se

“**LOST AND FOUND**” - achados e perdidos

“Are you in Rio?... **I MEAN** São Paulo?” – quer dizer

GRAMMAR

TURBO

TOO FAR – longe demais

TOO BIG – grande demais

INTONAÇÃO

TOO SLOW – lento demais

TOO MUCH – demais (quantidade)

TOO MANY - demais (contáveis)

MANAGER – gerente

BUYER – comprador

TEACHER - ensinador

SINGER - cantor

CARRIER - carregador

PLAYER - jogador

Em inglês formamos gerúndios e participípios com o sufixo – **ING** nos verbos.

I'M READING – estou lendo

YOU'RE HELPING – você está ajudando {1} **TEMPO CONTÍNUO**

HE'S SLEEPING – ele está dormindo

SHE'S COOKING – ela está cozinhando **To BE + ()ING**

IT'S STARTING – está começando

WE'RE SELLING – estamos vendendo

YOU'RE LEARNING – vocês estão aprendendo

THEY'RE CHOOSING – eles estão escolhendo

A **WALKING** DOLL – uma boneca andante.

A **WORKING** MOTHER – uma mãe trabalhadora. {2} ()ING = ****

A **SLEEPING** BABY – um bebê adormecido.

{3}

To walk = walking **WALKING IS GOOD EXERCISE** – andar é bom exercício.

To work = working **WORKING IS DIFFICULT TO LIKE** – trabalhar é difícil de gostar.

To drink = drinking **DRINKING TOO MUCH ISN'T GOOD** – beber demais não é bom.

HE STARTED WORKING – Ele começou a trabalhar.

I STARTED PLAYING – Comecei a jogar. {4} start,begin,finish,stop,quit ()ING

THEY FINISHED DOING – Eles terminaram de fazer.

No inglês usamos a forma do “perfeito” ou na forma simples ou progressiva, para expressar uma ação que **começou no passado** e **ainda continua no presente**:

O **presente** “perfeito” no inglês é formado com o **presente** do verbo **HAVE** usado com o **particípio** do verbo principal.

He has lived **here** for a **year**.

- Faz / Há um ano que ele mora aqui.

I have been studying French for **three months**.

- Faz / Há três meses que estou estudando francês.

I haven't spoken English for a **long time**.

- Faz / Há muito tempo que não falo inglês.

I have gone **to** California **one time** a **year** during these **last five years**.

- Tenho ido a Califórnia uma vez por ano durante estes últimos cinco anos.

Have you seen my **new** car?

- Você já viu meu carro novo?

PARTICÍPIO USO #2

BE + particípio

- This is done.
- He will be finished.
- It was bought.

This can't be eaten.
They should be paid.
It wouldn't be understood

SHOULD BE
WOULD BE
CAN BE
COULD BE

FRAMES

1. Did you LOSE your books?

I don't want to _____ this jacket.

How did you _____ your shoes?

He **never** _____ the ball.

2. I MEAN to visit you this **week**.

What do you _____?

She **always** says what she _____.

Does this _____ I have to leave?

3. You need to CHOOSE which ball.

Can I _____ the next film?

I _____ to stop participating.

You have to _____ a towel.

4. **Where** did you FIND that rose?

We couldn't _____ the airport.

They didn't _____ the pilot **yet**.

I can **never** _____ **time** for exercise.

5. Your jacket is **BEHIND** the door.

The room is _____ that wall.

The towels are _____ the bed.

My car isn't _____ this store.

6. Your book is **UNDER** the piano.

The baby isn't _____ the bed.

There is something _____ **here**.

They live _____ the bridge.

7. The towel is **NEXT TO** the bag.

The stranger is _____ the window.

The men are _____ the truck.

The airport isn't _____ the zoo.

8. This horse is very **FAST**.

Your car is very _____.

He plays piano _____.

That foreigner speaks _____.

9. She bought an **UGLY** dog.

They have a very _____ house.

They only found _____ furniture.

He says many _____ things.

10. That movie is very **FUNNY**.

The clown **at** the circus is _____.

We laughed at the _____ stranger.

He is a _____ waiter.

11. She is a very **NICE** girl.

You have _____ parents.

This is a _____ room.

You should be a _____ son.

12. This meal is **DELICIOUS**.

The sandwich is _____.

We had a _____ barbecue.

Peaches are _____.

13. Your dog is SMART.

She said the boy is _____.

I have _____ children.

A pilot has to be _____.

14. This test is very DIFFICULT.

Her name is _____ to say.

It's _____ to choose.

The game is very _____.

15. This book is EASY to study.

It's _____ to find my house.

It's _____ to lose the game.

More film is _____ to buy.

16. You are really SO special.

This train is _____ fast.

Those birds are _____ ugly.

Your kids are _____ nice.

17. The airport is TOO far.

This building is _____ old.

Our work is _____ difficult.

This book is _____ strange.

18. You are LEARNING English.

She is SPEAKING with her father.

Are you LIVING with your family?

They are CHOOSING a new player.

19. He HAS LIVED here for a month.

They _____ here for years.

I _____ here since 1987.

She _____ in this city many years.

PRACTICE PHRASES

1. We went to a party **on** the farm **last Sunday**. We had barbecue for lunch.
2. You should be studying with that student. He knows everything.
3. She **never** had the opportunity to study, so she won't be able to read.
4. The waitress asked if we are foreigners. "Well, we aren't **from here**".
5. The accident happened because the student driver didn't know English.
6. The **whole** class said goodbye. **Sooner or later** they will come **again**.
7. I'm sorry I didn't go **to** your mother's birthday party.
8. I have **never** gone **to** the States, but I will be going **in** a **few months**.
9. He said there are **no** opportunities for him **here**. I really don't think so.
10. I **always** forget your name. Never mind, it's a **difficult** name to remember.
11. They read and wrote **some** letters **while** I slept. She likes to write.
12. I asked Jon. "Have you seen if the sandwiches are **behind** the couch?"
13. We will not be having class **next week** because of the holiday.
14. You didn't understand what I meant. We shouldn't be waiting **here**.
15. I haven't had **time** to do exercises **this week**. I've been working.
16. There is a buyer for your house **on** **4th** street. Do you **still** want to sell?
17. I meant to close the office windows but I forgot. Could you do it?
18. Janet is very **happy**. She has waited for her birthday **all year**.
19. Mary's health is very **good**. She has been walking **3 Km**, **a day**.
20. I have gone **to** California **one time a year** **during** these **last five years**.
21. Congratulations, you cook very **well**. You should open a restaurant.
22. Your son is very **smart**. You should talk to him about his **new** lesson.
23. I'm drinking **too much**, my health is not very **good**. Let's go **to** the doctor.
24. It's **already** **twelve o'clock**. We will be **late to** lunch for sure.
25. The driver didn't take the **new** couch **to** my office **downtown**.